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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/709,162	11/10/2000	Guillermo J. Tearney	0375.3-1-1	3219
7	7590 07/13/2004		EXAMINER	
Jason A Bernstein			MANTIS MERCADER, ELENI M	
Bernstein & A	ssociates P C			
6600 Peachtree Dunwoody Road N E		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Embassy Row 400 Suite 495				
Atlanta, GA	30328-1649			

DATE MAILED: 07/13/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	J
Office Action Survey		09/709,162	TEARNEY ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Eleni Mantis Mercader	3737	
۔۔ Period foi	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address	
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RELABILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staply received by the Office later than three months after the maximum dijustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. t 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froatute, cause the application to become ABANDO	timely filed lays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1)⊠ I	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	2 April 2004.		
2a)⊠ ⁻	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ T	his action is non-final.		
	Since this application is in condition for alloud in accordance with the practice under t			
Dispositio	on of Claims		·	
4) 🛛 (Claim(s) <u>1-67</u> is/are pending in the applicati	ion.		
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from consideration.		
5) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
•	Claim(s) <u>1-67</u> is/are rejected.			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) 📙 (Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.	•	
Application	on Papers			
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.		
• —	he drawing(s) filed on <u>10 November 2000</u> i	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t		• •	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the continuous the continuous declaration is objected to by the		•	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[cknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority docume Countried copies of the priority document	ents have been received.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
;	B. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the p			
	application from the International Bur	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* Se	ee the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not recei	ved.	
	•			
Attachment(sì			
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summa	ıry (PTO-413)	
2) 🔲 Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date	
	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ No(s)/Mail Date	(08) 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 4/12/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant seems to argue that Boppart et al. '413 do not teach the dispersive element through which energy is transmitted or a focusing element for scanning with wavelengths at different spots or an optical head capable or rotatable or translational movement. The Examiner respectfully disagrees, Boppart et al.'413 clearly teaches the dispersive element which is the transmission fibers (see col. 11, lines 4-7) through which energy is transmitted and focusing optical elements such as a lens for scanning with wavelengths at different spots (col. 11, lines 8-10) and an optical head capable of rotatable or translational movement (col. 11, lines 10-12 and see for example figures 4a-b and respective disclosure in col. 11, line 38-col. 12, line 7). With respect to the double patenting rejection, again the Examiner disagrees because claim 1, of the patented claim 1 essentially claims a source, an interferometer and a detector similarly the current claim 1 which claims a source, a dispersive element with focusing capability on impringement spots which is another way of saying an interferometer and a detector. Therefore, all rejections are maintained and made final.

1. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Drawings

2. The drawings are objected to because the boxed elements in Figure 1 are not labeled as to the elements they represent. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-67 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,003. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they represent alternate variations and groupings.

The patented claim 1 essentially claims a source, an interferometer and a detector similarly, the current claim 1 claims a source, a dispersive element with focusing capability on impringement spots, which is another way of saying an interferometer and a detector.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boppart et al. '413.

Boppart et al.'413 teach all the features of the instant invention including a high resolution imaging apparatus having a single or multiple optical fiber system being disposed into a catheter and having lens capable of focusing energy and having detection fibers providing interferometric spectroscopic information (see col. 2, lines 30-67; col. 3, lines 1-27; and see col. 5, lines 3-67; cols. 6-7; and col. 8, lines 1-18). Various modifications such as type of procedures and types of catheters utilizing the optical imaging system are well known modifications to skilled artisans, further more Boppart et al.'413 teaches adaptations of the optical imaging system in a variety of therapeutic surgical instruments as illustrated in Figures 25a-27.

Boppart et al.'413 teaches the dispersive element which is the transmission fibers (see col. 11, lines 4-7) through which energy is transmitted and focusing optical elements such as a lens for scanning with wavelengths at different spots (col. 11, lines 8-10) and an optical head capable or rotatable or translational movement (col. 11, lines 10-12 and see for example figures 4a-b and respective disclosure in col. 11, line 38-col. 12, line 7).

Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eleni Mantis Mercader whose telephone number is 703 308-0899. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri., 8:00 a.m.-6:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela Sykes can be reached on (703) 308-5181. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Eleni Mantis Mercader Primary Examiner

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